

Policy Title:	Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy		
		Department:	РНА
Effective Date:	10/01/2020		
Review Date:	1/1/2020, 9/21/2020, 11/23/2020, 12/28/2020, 1/28/2021, 2/25/2021, 3/25/21, 4/29/2021, 5/27/2021, 6/24/2021, 7/29/2021, 9/28/2021, 10/28/2021, 11/10/2022, 1/3/2023, 1/27/2023, 2/16/23, 3/23/2023, 4/27/2023, 5/19/2023, 5/31/2023, 7/6/2023, 7/27/2023,8/10/2023, 9/14/2023, 9/28/23, 10/19/2023, 11/30/23,12/27/2023, 5/08/2024, 05/29/2024, 6/26/2024, 7/26/2024, 8/28/2024, 10/23/2024,11/15/2024, 12/18/2024, 01/08/2025, 02/5/2025		/28/2021, 3/23/2023, //10/2023, /08/2024,

**Purpose:** To support the use of preferred products that are safe and effective.

Scope: Medicaid and Commercial

## **Policy Statement:**

The Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy will provide coverage of preferred medications when it is determined to be medically necessary and is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

## Procedure:

Coverage of Medically administered drugs will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization process based on criteria below.

Medications that Require Step Therapy	Preferred Medication(s)	Class of Medication
Acthar Gel	Infantile Spasms (West Syndrome); Trial of Cortrophin Gel	Adrenocorticotropin Stimulating Hormone
Aralast, Glassia,	Emphysema due to alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency: For Commercial patients ONLY: Documented failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Prolastin or Zemaira	Alpha-1-Proteinase Inhibitors
Duopa	Trial of all of the following - oral levodopa/carbidopa, a dopamine agonist, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor OR a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor	Anti- Parkinson Agent
Xenleta	Trial of alternative antibiotic to which the organism is susceptible (i.e., moxifloxacin, levofloxacin, beta-lactam + macrolide, beta-lactam + doxycycline, etc.)	Antibiotic



von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin  All indications: Trial of one of the following - Alphanine SD, Bebulin, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis  Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra  Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA  Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	Antihemophilic Agent  Antihemophilic Agent  Antihemophilic Agent  Antihemophilic Agent
Bebulin, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA  Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	Antihemophilic Agent
Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA  Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	1 0
inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA  Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	Antihemophilic Agent
a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	
Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Chronic Migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND botulinum toxin  Episodic migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)	Anti-migraine Agent
Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of an oral NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids  Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA): Trial of glucocorticoid therapy  Polymyalgia rheumatica: Trial of Prednisone  All indications: trial of at least a 3-month trial of Tyenne	Autoimmune
	Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin Chronic Migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND botulinum toxin Episodic migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)  Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of an oral NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids  Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA): Trial of glucocorticoid therapy Polymyalgia rheumatica: Trial of Prednisone



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Tyenne	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids	Autoimmune
	Polymyalgia rheumatica: Trial of Prednisone	
Cimzia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc. AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-	Autoimmune
	inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Crohn's Disease: Trial of corticosteroids or	
	immunomodulators (e.g., azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate); AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Plaque Psoriasis: Inadequate response to topical agents;	
	inadequate response to at least one non-biologic systemic	
	agent; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses	
	Psoriatic Arthritis:  - Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID  - Peripheral arthritis or active enthesitis disease: trial of oral DMARD, such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc.  - at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Cosentyx	Psoriatic Arthritis:	Autoimmune
Coochey	<ul> <li>Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID</li> <li>Peripheral arthritis, dactylitis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc</li> <li>At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses</li> </ul>	1 Adominume



	Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Entyvio	Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following for Medicaid members only - corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Trial of one of the following for Commercial members only - corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine OR at least a 3-month trial of a TNF modifier, such as adalimumab, certolizumab, or infliximab at maximum tolerated doses for Commercial members  Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following - corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate or	Autoimmune
Ilaris	azathioprine  Still's Disease and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one oral NSAID OR systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)	Autoimmune
	Familial Mediterranean Fever: Colchicine  Gout Flare: NSAID and colchicine	
Ilumya	Plaque psoriasis: Trial of one of the following - methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Omvoh	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following – mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 3-month trial of Entyvio, except if the member has failed to respond to infliximab	Autoimmune



Orencia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying antirheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: Trial of oral nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) OR an oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, etc.)AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Psoriatic Arthritis: For patients with predominantly axial disease OR active enthesitis and/or dactylitis, an adequate trial and failure of at least one non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs); OR for patients with peripheral arthritis, a trial and failure of at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or hydroxychloroquine; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses  Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease: Trial and failure of systemic corticosteroids	Autoimmune
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Related	
Remicade or infliximab unbranded	Toxicity: Trial and failure of methylprednisolone All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola, AND Renflexis	Autoimmune
Remicade or infliximab unbranded, Renflexis, Avsola	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following -corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine  Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc; AND used in combination with methotrexate  Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR trial of one formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc;  Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs  Plaque Psoriasis: Trial of one of the following systemic products - immunosuppressives, retinoic acid derivatives, and/or methotrexate	Autoimmune
Renflexis	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola	Autoimmune



Infliximab SC	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least 10	Autoimmune
products: Zymfentra	weeks of IV infliximab therapy	
Simponi Aria	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti- rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of one formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA): Trial of oral NSAIDs OR Trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Skyrizi IV	Crohn's disease & Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of corticosteroids or immunomodulators (e.g., 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Stelara	For Medicaid members: Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following - corticosteroids or immunomodulators, (e.g., 6- mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND Skyrizi AND Entyvio (except for if they have moderate to severe luminizing Crohn's Disease)	Autoimmune
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following – mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND Entyvio (except for if the member failed to respond to infliximab)	
	For Commercial members: Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following - corticosteroids or immunomodulators, (e.g., 6- mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND Entyvio (except for if they have moderate to severe luminizing Crohn's Disease)	
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following – mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated	



	doses AND Entyvio (except for if the member failed to	
	respond to infliximab)	
Evenity	Osteoporosis: Bisphosphonates (oral and/or IV) such as alendronate, risedronate, ibandronate, or zoledronic acid AND RANKL-blocking agents such as denosumab	Bone Modifying Agent
Prolia	Trial of Zometa/Reclast (zoledronic acid) or Aredia (pamidronate)	Bone Modifying Agent
Xgeva	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia for all indications except Giant Cell Tumor of Bone	Bone Modifying Agent
Parsabiv	Hyperparathyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcimimetic
Miacalcin	Hypercalcemic emergency: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcitonin
	Paget's disease: Trial of both of the following - alendronate and pamidronate	
	Postmenopausal osteoporosis: Trial of two of the following - zoledronic acid, alendronate, teriparatide, Prolia (denosumab), Xgeva (denosumab)	
Evkeeza	Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH): At least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: ezetimibe used in combination with the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin and tried and failed at least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: combination therapy consisting of the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin, ezetimibe, AND a PSCK9 inhibitor indicated for HoFH (e.g., evolocumab, alirocumab)	Cardiology
Leqvio	Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and: Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH): trial of highest available dose or maximally-tolerated dose* of high intensity HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (i.e., 'statin' therapy: atorvastatin 40 mg or 80 mg daily, rosuvastatin 20 mg or 40 mg daily, or simvastatin 80 mg daily); and has been adherent to ezetimibe used concomitantly with a statin at maximally tolerated dose for at least three months, and inadequate treatment response, intolerance or contraindication to treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy for at least 3 months	Cardiology
Abecma	Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma: Progressed on 4 or more lines of therapy AND refractory to an immunomodulatory agent (e.g., lenalidomide, thalidomide, pomalidomide), a proteasome inhibitor (e.g., bortezomib, carfilzomib, ixazomib), and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody (e.g., daratumumab, isatuximab).	CAR-T Immunotherapy



Kymriah	Pediatric and Young Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): Member has relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-ALL that has progressed after 2 cycles of a standard chemotherapy regimen for initial diagnosis OR after 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia OR member with relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-positive B-ALL that has progressed after failure of 2 prior regimens, including a TKI-containing regimen  Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) Large B-cell Lymphoma: For diffuse large B-cell lymphoma arising from follicular lymphoma, high-grade B- cell lymphoma: Member has previously received at least 2 lines of therapy including rituximab and an anthracycline	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Yescarta	Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas (chemotherapy – refractory disease): trial and failure of two or more lines of systemic chemotherapy OR for DLBCL, failure of 2 or more lines of systemic chemotherapy, including rituximab and an anthracycline	CAR-T Immunotherapy
	Follicular Lymphoma: trial of 2 or more lines of systemic therapies, including the combination of an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody and an alkylating agent (e.g., R-bendamustine, R-CHOP, R-CVP)	
Prevymis IV	Prevymis Oral Tablet	CMV Prophylaxis
Amondys 45	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Exondys 51	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Viltepso	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Vyondys 53	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids and Viltepso	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elevidys	All Indications: Stable dose of a corticosteroid prior to the start of therapy	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elelyso, VPRIV	All indications: Trial of Cerezyme	Enzyme Replacement
Nexviazyme	Commercial members ONLY: Trial of Lumizyme for members <30kg that require a dose of 40 mg/kg	Enzyme
Pombiliti and Opfolda	Trial of Lumizyme or Nexviazyme	Enzyme
Fabrazyme & Elfabrio	Failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Galafold (migalastat)	Fabry Disease (alphagalactosidase A deficiency)
Casgevy	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary addon therapy (e.g., Adakveo, )	Gene Therapy



Lyfgenia	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary addon therapy (e.g., Adakveo, )	Gene Therapy
	Patient has a contraindication to or is not indicated for treatment with Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel)	
Krystexxa	All indications: Trial of Allopurinol or Probenecid	Gout
Aranesp	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Long-Acting Colony Stimulating Factors – Non-Preferred: Fulphila, Nyvepria, Ziextenzo, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend (Oncology and Non- Oncology)	All approved indications: Trial of Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, or Udenyca	Hematopoetic Agent
Mircera	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Nplate	Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia: Trial of one of the following – corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) and/or immunoglobulins and/or rituximab	Hematopoetic Agent
Procrit, Epogen	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Short Acting Colony Stimulating Factors: Nivestym, Neupogen, Granix, Releuko (Oncology and Non Oncology)	All indications: Trail of Zarxio	Hematopoetic Agent
Berinert	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing AND a trial of Ruconest	Hereditary Angioedema
Cinryze	All indications: Trial of "on-demand" therapy (i.e., Kalbitor, Firazyr, Ruconest, or Berinert)  HAE with normal C1INH: Trial of prophylactic therapy with an antifibrinolytic agent (e.g., tranexamic acid (TXA) or aminocaproic acid) and/or a 17α-alkylated androgen (e.g., danazol)	Hereditary Angioedema
Haegarda	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Kalbitor	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Ruconest	Trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema



Trogarzo	Patient has heavily treated multi-drug resistant disease, confirmed by resistance testing, to at least one drug in at least three classes (NRTI, NNRTI, PI)	HIV
Testopel	All indications: trial of one topical testosterone product (patch or gel) AND Trial of one injectable testosterone such as testosterone cypionate injection or testosterone enanthate injection	Hormone Replacement
Serostim	HIV wasting: at least three alternative therapies such as cyproheptadine, dronabinol, megestrol acetate or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal	Hormone Therapy
Triptodur	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar	Hormone Therapy
Euflexxa	Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot  All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids	Hyaluronic Acid
Durolane, Gel-One, Gelsyn, GenVisc 850, Hyalgan, Hymovis, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Supartz/Supartz FX, Synojoynt, Synvisc, Synvisc-One, Triluron, Trivisc, &Visco-3	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa	Hyaluronic Acid
Crysvita	Adult patients with X-linked hypophosphatemia: Trial of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol)	Hypophosphatemia
Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia (Subcutaneous IG)	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Gammaked/Gamunex-C or Gammagard liquid	Immune Globulins
Intravenous Immune Globulins: Asceniv, Alyglo, Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga	All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam  IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy  Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.)  Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine)  Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid  Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam	Immune Globulins



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	Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases:	
	Corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment	
	(e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil,	
Monoferric	etc.) Trial of Injectafer or Feraheme	Iron Agent
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Benlysta	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Trial of two standard	Lupus
	therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal	
	anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives	
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard therapies including	
	corticosteroids AND either cyclophosphamide or	
	mycophenolate mofetil	
Saphnelo	Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials,	Lupus
Баринсю	corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or	Lupus
	immunosuppressives and trial of Benlysta	
Probuphine	All indications: Trial of one of the following -	Medication Assisted
Тювирине	Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Treatment
Sublocade	All indications: Trial of one of the following -	Medication Assisted
Subiocade	Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Treatment
Brixadi	All indications: initiated therapy with transmucosal	Medication Assisted
Diixadi	buprenorphine or is transitioning from another	Treatment
	buprenorphine-containing treatment	Treatment
Rebyota	Trial of Zinplava or fecal microbiota transplantation (FMT)	Microbiota
rebyota	from a reputable source	Meropiota
Cinqair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional	Monoclonal Antibody
omqan	controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting	inionocional initioday
	muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier); AND	
	Fasenra or Nucala	
Fasenra	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional	Monoclonal Antibody
	controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting	j
	muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA): Trial	
	with oral corticosteroids with or without immunosuppressive	
	therapy	
Nucala	Asthma: Trial of a medium – high dose inhaled corticosteroid;	Monoclonal Antibody
	AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-	
	agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene	
	modifier)	
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: Trial of oral	
	corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks	
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): trail of at least one other	
	HES therapy, such as oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive	
	agents, cytotoxic therapy, etc.	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal	
	corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND patient has	
	received ≥2 courses of systemic corticosteroids per year or >	
	3 months of low dose corticosteroids	



Soliris	Marria Carrier Trial - 641 C 11	M11 A (1 1
SOIITIS	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following — minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy.  Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both ravulizumab (Ultomiris) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).  Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*, Ultorimis, AND Uplizna  * This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members	Monoclonal Antibody
Tezspire	Severe asthma: Ttrial of at least 3 months with or without oral corticosteroids with both of the following: high-dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND additional controller medication (e.g., long acting beta₂-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonist, leukotriene modifier); and If baseline blood eosinophil level is ≥150 cells/µL, trial with at least one biologic indicated for asthma (e.g., Cinqair, Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair)	Monoclonal Antibody
Rystiggo	Myasthenia Gravis:  Trial of one of the following based on their antibodies:  • AChR+ disease: a minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.); OR  • MuSK+ disease: a minimum one-year trial with immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, or mycophenolate) and rituximab; OR  Patient required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy	Monoclonal Antibody
Ultomiris	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following – minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the	Monoclonal Antibody



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patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).	
Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*, AND Uplizna	
*This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid members	
Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*	Monoclonal Antibody
* This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members	
Chronic idiopathic urticaria: Scheduled dosing of a second-generation H1 antihistamine for at least one month; AND inadequate response with scheduled dosing of one of the following: Up-dosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1 antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist.	Monoclonal Antibody
Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	
Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years	
Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY)	Multiple Sclerosis
Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY) Trial of Tysabri and one other drug indicated for MS	Multiple Sclerosis
Crohn's Disease: Trial of two oral immunosuppressive therapies, such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, and/or azathioprine AND 3-month trial of one TNF-inhibitor	Crohn's Disease
Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following minimum sixmonth trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy AND for Medicaid members only who request Vyvgart IV at a weekly dose requiring 3 vials (>800mg to 1200mg), documentation that patient is unable to tolerate Vyvgart Hytrulo  Vyvgart Hytrulo ONLY:	Myasthenia Gravis
	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*, AND Uplizna  *This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid members  Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*  * This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members  Chronic idiopathic urticaria: Scheduled dosing of a second-generation H1 antihistamine for at least one month; AND inadequate response with scheduled dosing of one of the following: Up-dosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1 antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist.  Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)  Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years Multiple Sclerosis:  Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY)  Trial of Tysabri (Medicaid ONLY)  Multiple Sclerosis:  Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY)  Trial of Tysabri and one other drug indicated for MS (Medicaid ONLY)  Trial of Tysabri and one other drug indicated for MS (Medicaid ONLY)  Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of two oral immunosuppressive therapies, such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, and/or azathioprine AND 3-month trial of one TNF-inhibitor  Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following minimum sixmonth trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy AND for Medicaid members only who request Vyvgart IV at a weekly dose requiring 3 via



	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating polyneuropathy: Trial of at least 3-month trial of immunoglobulin (IG) or plasma exchange therapy	ſ
Botox	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc.	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	Migraine: 8 –week trial of two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) Urinary incontinence and OAB: Trial of two medications	
	from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes  Severe Palmar Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1  month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, etc.	
	Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial conventional pharmacologic therapy (e.g., nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	
Dysport	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.)	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)  Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial of conventional pharmacologic therapy (e.g. nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	
	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc.	



Myoblog	Migraina Two and modications for the argumention of	Neuromuscular Blocker
Myobloc	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as:	Agent Neuromuscular Blocker
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	rigent
	nortriptyline, etc.)	
	Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II	
	receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	
	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of $\geq 1$ month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
Xeomin	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of	Neuromuscular Blocker
	migraines, such as:	Agent
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	
	nortriptyline, etc.)	
	Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	
	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	Carefulli Chainicis biockers (e.g., verapanin, etc.)	
	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and	
	OAB: Trial of two medications from either the	
	antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of $\geq 1$ month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
Nipent	Chronic or acute graft verse host disease (GVHD): Trial of	Non-Oncology
- Apent	corticosteroids	11011 01100108)
Rituxan, Riabni	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Non-Oncology
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: One oral disease modifying	
	antirheumatic drug (DMARD) AND at least one preferred	
	tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist (one must be self-	
	injectable) trialed for at least 3 months	
	Lupus Nephritis: Patient has disease that is non-responsive or	
	refractory to standard first line therapy [e.g., mycophenolate	
	mofetil, mycophenolic acid, cyclophosphamide, calcineurin	
	inhibitors (e.g., tacrolimus)]	
	Marsharia Carrier Data at a Carrier at 1, 15 a V	
	Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is refractory to standard first-line	
	therapy (e.g., glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate	
	mofetil, etc.)	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): Trial of at least two	
	standard therapies such as anti-malarials (i.e.	
	hydroxychloroquine, chloroquine), corticosteroids, non-	



	steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), aspirin, or immunosuppressives such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, oral cyclophosphamide, or mycophenolate.	
Avastin Alymsys, Vegzelma	All Oncology Indications: Trial of Mvasi or Zirabev	Oncology
Herceptin and Biosimilars, Herceptin Hylecta	All indications: Kanjinti or Trazimera	Oncology
Khapzory/Fusilev	Osteosarcoma, Colorectal Cancer, and Treatment of a folate antagonist overdose: Trial of leucovorin	Oncology
Rituxan, Rituxan Hycela, Riabni	All indications: Truxima or Ruxience	Oncology
Beovu	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)  Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)  DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Durysta	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost, travoprost, tafluprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be used if warranted)	Ophthalmic Agent
iDose TR	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost, travoprost, tafluprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be used if warranted)	Ophthalmic Agent
Eylea	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)  DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab  Diabetic retinopathy (DR) or Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP): bevacizumab  Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	Ophthalmic Agent



Eylea HD	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
	All indications: Trial of Eylea	
Cimerli	Diabetic macular edema and Diabetic retinopathy: bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration, Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion, or Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization: bevacizumab and Byooviz or Lucentis	
Byooviz, Lucentis	All indications: Bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Susvimo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration: responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and had an inadequate treatment response with bevacizumab, Lucentis (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	Ophthalmic Agent
Vabysmo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD) or Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab and Byooviz	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) and baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab	
Oxlumo	Trial of at least 3 months of pyridoxine	Primary Hyperoxaluria
Synagis	Contraindication to Beyfortus	Respiratory Syncytial Virus
Signifor LAR	Acromegaly: Trial of Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) or Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)*  *For Medicaid members: Trial of Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)	Somatostatin Analog
	only	
Tepezza	Active Thyroid Eye Disease: Intravenous glucocorticoids*	Ophthalmic Agent
	For commercial members ONLY	



Somatuline Depot	Acromegaly: Trial of lanreotide.	Somatostatin Analog
Bortezomib: J9048, J9046	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to bortezomib J9049, J9051, and J9041	Antineoplastic Agent
Carmustine: J9052	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to carmustine J9050	Antineoplastic Agent
Cyclophosphamide: J9074	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to cyclophosphamide J9073, J9071, and J9075	Antineoplastic Agent
Fulvestrant: J9394, J9393	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to fulvestrant J9395	Antineoplastic Agent
Ganciclovir: J1574	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to ganciclovir J1570	Antiviral Agent
Heparin: J1643	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to heparin J1644	Anticoagulant Agent
Labetalol: J1921	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to labetalol J1920	Antihypertensive Agent



Linezolid: J2021	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to linezolid J2020	Antibiotic
Meropenem: J2184	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to meropenem J2183 and J2185	Antibiotic
Paclitaxel: J9259	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to paclitaxel J9264	Antineoplastic Agent
Pemetrexed: J9304, J9324	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to pemetrexed J9296, J9294, J9297, J9314, J9323, and J9305	Antineoplastic Agent
Vancomycin: J3372	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to vancomycin J3371 and J3370	Antibiotic

Per §§ 42 CFR 422.101, this clinical medical policy only applies to INTEGRITY in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD)

Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.

Please call the Pharmacy Help Desk at 1-401-459-6020 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Medicaid formulary.

Please call Member Services at 1-855-321-9244 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Commercial formulary.

**Policy Rationale:** These products were reviewed by the Neighborhood Health Plan of Rhode Island Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Neighborhood adopted the following clinical coverage criteria



to ensure that its members use them according to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling and/or relevant clinical literature. Neighborhood worked with network prescribers and pharmacists to draft these criteria. These criteria will help ensure its members are using this drug for a medically accepted indication, while minimizing the risk for adverse effects and ensuring more cost-effective options are used first, if applicable and appropriate. Neighborhood will give individual consideration to each request it reviews based on the information submitted by the prescriber and other information available to the plan.