

Xenpozyme™ (olipudase alfa) (Intravenous)

Effective Date: 8/1/2023

Review Date: 6/22/2023, 12/07/2023, 01/04/2024

Scope: Medicaid, Commercial, Medicare-Medicaid Plan (MMP)

I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed every 6 months.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Xenpozyme 20 mg single-dose vial: 17 vials per 14 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- 340 billable units (340 mg) every 14 days

III. Summary of Evidence

Xenpozyme is indicated for the treatment of non–central nervous system (non–CNS) manifestations of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients. The clinical efficacy of Xenpozyme was evaluated in both ASCEND, a phase 2/3 multicenter, randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled, repeat-dose trial in adult patients with ASMD type B and type A/B, and ASCEND-Peds, a phase 1/2 single-arm, multicenter, open-label, ascending-dose trial in pediatric patients with ASMD type B or type A/B. The primary endpoint for these trials was the mean percent change from baseline to week 52 in the following: percent predicted diffusion capacity of the lungs for carbon monoxide (DLco), spleen volume, liver volume, platelet count, height Z-scores (ASCEND-Peds only). In both trials, the treatment group with Xenpozyme demonstrated a statistically significant difference in mean percent change for all of the aforementioned endpoints compared with placebo.

IV. Initial Approval Criteria ¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

MMP members who have previously received this medication within the past 365 days are not subject to Step Therapy Requirements.

- Females of reproductive potential will have pregnancy status verified prior to start of therapy and will use effective contraception during treatment and for 14 days after the last dose if therapy is discontinued; **AND**
- Patient has documented baseline measures (necessary for renewal) of: percent predicted diffusion capacity of the lungs for carbon monoxide (DLco) or other age-appropriate pulmonary function testing, spleen volume, liver volume, plasma lyso-sphingomyelin, and/or platelet count; and/or
 - For pediatric patients ONLY height Z-score and skeletal maturation; **AND**
- Documented baseline transaminase (alanine aminotransferase [ALT] and aspartate aminotransferase [AST]) levels within 1 month prior to treatment initiation, within 72 hours prior to any infusion during dose escalation, and periodically throughout therapy; **AND**
- Coverage will not be provided in the following circumstances:
 - Patient has acute or rapidly progressive neurologic abnormalities
 - Patient requires invasive ventilatory support OR requires non-invasive ventilatory support while awake and for >12 hours a day
 - Platelet count $<60 \times 10^3/\mu\text{L}$
 - International normalized ratio (INR) >1.5
 - Alanine aminotransferase (ALT) or aspartate aminotransferase (AST) >250 IU/L or total bilirubin >1.5 mg/dL; **AND**
- The medication is prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the treatment of lysosomal storage disorders; **AND**
- Dose does not exceed 3mg/kg every 2 weeks; **AND**
- Documentation of patient's current weight (kg); **AND**

Acid Sphingomyelinase Deficiency (ASMD) (Niemann-Pick Disease) † Φ^{1,6}

- Patient has a definitive diagnosis of ASMD as confirmed by the following:
 - Detection of biallelic pathogenic mutations in the *SMPD1* gene by molecular genetic testing; **OR**
 - Deficiency of acid sphingomyelinase enzyme activity $<10\%$ of controls as measured in peripheral leukocytes, cultured fibroblasts, or lymphocytes; **AND**
- Patient has a clinical diagnosis consistent with Niemann-Pick disease type B (NPD-B) or A/B (NPD-A/B) (*Note: NPD-A (infantile neurovisceral ASMD) has not been studied. Genotype-phenotype correlations as well as signs/symptoms may not be conclusive in infants therefore requests will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis*); **AND**
- Therapy will be used for non-CNS manifestations of disease (*Note: Xenpozyme is not expected to cross the blood-brain barrier or modulate CNS manifestations of disease*)

† FDA-approved indication(s); ‡ Compendia recommended indication(s); Φ Orphan Drug

V. Renewal Criteria ¹

Coverage can be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet initial and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: anaphylaxis and severe hypersensitivity reactions, severe infusion-associated reactions, severely elevated liver transaminases, etc.; **AND**
- Patient has not experienced progressive/irreversible severe cognitive impairment; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by improvement or stability from pre-treatment baseline by the following:
 - Improvement in or stability in the percent predicted diffusion capacity of the lungs for carbon monoxide (DLco) or other age-appropriate pulmonary function testing; **OR**
 - Improvement in or stability of spleen and/or liver volumes; **OR**
 - Reduction in plasma lyso-sphingomyelin; **OR**
 - Improvement in or stability of platelet count; **OR**
 - Improvement in linear growth progression as measured by mean height Z-scores (*pediatric patients only*)

VI. Dosage/Administration ¹

Indication	Dose
Acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD)	Administer Xenpozyme via intravenous infusion every 2 weeks. <u>Adult Patients (≥18 years)</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – First dose (Day 1/Week 0): 0.1 mg/kg – Second dose (Week 2): 0.3 mg/kg – Third dose (Week 4): 0.3 mg/kg – Fourth dose (Week 6): 0.6 mg/kg – Fifth dose (Week 8): 0.6 mg/kg – Sixth dose (Week 10): 1 mg/kg – Seventh dose (Week 12): 2 mg/kg – Eighth dose (Week 14): 3 mg/kg (recommended maintenance dose) <u>Pediatric Patients (0 to <18 years)</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – First dose (Day 1/Week 0): 0.03 mg/kg

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Second dose (Week 2): 0.1 mg/kg – Third dose (Week 4): 0.3 mg/kg – Fourth dose (Week 6): 0.3 mg/kg – Fifth dose (Week 8): 0.6 mg/kg – Sixth dose (Week 10): 0.6 mg/kg – Seventh dose (Week 12): 1 mg/kg – Eighth dose (Week 14): 2 mg/kg – Ninth dose (Week 16): 3 mg/kg (recommended maintenance dose) <p><i>Note: Prior to administration, consider pretreating all patients with antihistamines, antipyretics, and/or corticosteroids</i></p>
<p><u>Weight-Based Dosing Information</u></p> <p>The recommended adult and pediatric dosages of Xenpozyme for the dose escalation and maintenance phases are based on body weight as follows for patients with a body mass index (BMI):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Less than or equal to 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight (kg) • Greater than 30, the dosage is based on adjusted body weight (kg). Calculate an adjusted body weight (kg) based on height in meters as described below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Adjusted body weight (kg) = (actual height in m)² x 30 	

VII. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code:

- J0218 – Injection, olipudase alfa-rpcp, 1 mg; 1 billable unit = 1 mg

NDC:

- Xenpozyme 20 mg lyophilized powder for reconstitution in a single-dose vial: 58468-0050-xx

VIII. References

1. Xenpozyme [package insert]. Cambridge, MA; Genzyme Corporation, Inc.; July 2023. Accessed November 2023.
2. Wasserstein M, Lachmann R, Hollak C, et al. A randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial evaluating olipudase alfa enzyme replacement therapy for chronic acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adults: One-year results. *Genetics in Medicine*, vol 24, Iss 7, 2022, 1425-1436. ISSN 1098-3600, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gim.2022.03.021>.

3. Diaz GA, Jones SA, Scarpa M, et al. One-year results of a clinical trial of olipudase alfa enzyme replacement therapy in pediatric patients with acid sphingomyelinase deficiency. *Genet Med*. 2021 Aug;23(8):1543-1550. doi: 10.1038/s41436-021-01156-3. Epub 2021 Apr 19.
4. Thurberg BL, Diaz GA, Lachmann RH, et al. Long-term efficacy of olipudase alfa in adults with acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD): Further clearance of hepatic sphingomyelin is associated with additional improvements in pro- and anti-atherogenic lipid profiles after 42 months of treatment. *Mol Genet Metab*. 2020 Sep - Oct;131(1-2):245-252. doi: 10.1016/j.ymgme.2020.06.010. Epub 2020 Jun 24.
5. Wasserstein MP, Diaz GA, Lachmann RH, et al. Olipudase alfa for treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD): safety and efficacy in adults treated for 30 months. *J Inherit Metab Dis*. 2018 Sep;41(5):829-838. doi: 10.1007/s10545-017-0123-6. Epub 2018 Jan 5.
6. Wasserstein MP, Schuchman EH. Acid Sphingomyelinase Deficiency. In: Adam MP, Everman DB, Mirzaa GM, et al., editors. *GeneReviews®* [Internet]. Seattle (WA): University of Washington, Seattle; 1993-2023. Initial Posting: Dec 7, 2006; Last Update: Feb 25, 2021. Accessed Jan 6, 2023. Available from: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1370/>.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
E75.241	Niemann-Pick disease type B
E75.244	Niemann-Pick disease type A/B

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), and Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC

Policy Rationale:

Xenozyme was reviewed by the Neighborhood Health Plan of Rhode Island Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Neighborhood adopted the following clinical coverage criteria to ensure that its members use Xenozyme according to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling and/or relevant clinical literature. Neighborhood worked with network prescribers and pharmacists to draft these criteria. These criteria will help ensure its members are using this drug for a medically accepted indication, while minimizing the risk for adverse effects and ensuring more cost-effective options are used first, if applicable and appropriate. For INTEGRITY (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) members, these coverage criteria will only apply in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) criteria. Neighborhood will give individual consideration to each request it reviews based on the information submitted by the prescriber and other information available to the plan.