

Drug Policy:

Lunsumio[™] (mosunetuzumab-axgb)

POLICY NUMBER UM ONC_1474	SUBJECT Lunsumio™ (mosunetuzumab-axgb)		DEPT/PROGRAM UM Dept	PAGE 1 of 3
DATES COMMITTEE REVIEWED 02/08/23, 02/14/24	APPROVAL DATE February 14, 2024	EFFECTIVE DATE February 23, 2024	COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATES 02/08/23, 02/14/24	
PRIMARY BUSINESS OWNER: UM		COMMITTEE/BOARD APPROVAL Utilization Management Committee		
NCQA STANDARDS UM 2		ADDITIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT		
CMS REQUIREMENTS	STATE/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS		APPLICABLE LINES Commercial, Exchange Medicare	

I. PURPOSE

To define and describe the accepted indications for Lunsumio (mosunetuzumab-axgb) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

II. INDICATIONS FOR USE/INCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided:
 - 1. The member has not experienced disease progression on the requested medication AND
 - 2. The requested medication was used within the last year without a lapse of more than 30 days of having an active authorization AND
 - 3. Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

B. Follicular Lymphoma (FL)

Lunsumio (mosenutuzumab-axgb) may be used as monotherapy for a member with CD20 positive follicular lymphoma that has relapsed after or failed to respond to at least two prior lines of systemic therapy, including therapy an anti-CD20-directed therapy (e.g. rituximab/rituximab biosimilars, obinutuzumab) and an alkylating agent (e.g. benadamustine, cyclophosphamide). This indication excludes members with histologic transformation of follicular lymphoma to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma.

III. EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Disease progression while taking Lunsumio (mosunetuzumab-axgb).
- B. Concurrent use with other anticancer therapies.
- C. Diagnosis of Follicular Lymphoma that has transformed to Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma.
- D. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Lunsumio (mosunetuzumab-axgb) 60 mg (with cycles 1 and 2 step-up dosing protocol) and 30 mg (cycle 3 and beyond).
- E. Treatment exceeds the maximum months duration limit of 8 cycles (if patients achieved a complete response) or up to 17 cycles (for partial response or stable disease after the initial 8 cycles).
- F. Investigational use of Lunsumio (mosunetuzumab-axgb) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - 1. Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 2. Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 3. Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - 4. Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - 5. That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 6. That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 7. That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peerreviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

IV. MEDICATION MANAGEMENT

A. Please refer to the FDA label/package insert for details regarding these topics.

V. APPROVAL AUTHORITY

- A. Review Utilization Management Department
- B. Final Approval Utilization Management Committee

VI. ATTACHMENTS

A. None

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VII. REFERENCES

- A. Budde LE, et al. Safety and efficacy of mosunetuzumab, a bispecific antibody, in patients with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma: a single-arm, multicentre, phase 2 study. Lancet Oncol. 2022 Aug;23(8):1055-1065.
- B. Lunsumio prescribing information. Genentech, Inc. South San Francisco, CA 2023.
- C. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs Bethesda, MD 2023.
- D. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard 2023.
- E. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Micromedex Drugdex Ann Arbor, Michigan 2023.
- F. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium 2023.
- G. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. J Clin Oncol. 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
- H. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf.